

WATERFORD TOWNSHIP EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2013

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August 29, 2014

The Pension Committee
Waterford Township Employees Retirement System
5200 Civic Center Drive
Waterford, Michigan 48329

Dear Committee Members:

The results of the December 31, 2013 Actuarial Valuation of the Waterford Township Employees Retirement System are presented in this report.

This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Pension Fund and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Pension Fund only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Board.

The purpose of the annual valuation is to measure the System's funding progress, to determine the Township's contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2015 in accordance with established funding policies, and to determine actuarial information for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 25 and No. 27. The results of the valuation may not be applicable for other purposes.

This report should not be relied on for any purposes other than the purpose described. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the actuary's assignment, the actuary did not perform an analysis for the potential range of such future measurements.

The valuation was based upon information, furnished by the Township Treasurer, concerning individual participants, terminated participants, retired participants and beneficiaries, plan benefits and financial transactions and assets. Data was checked for reasonableness and missing information, but was not otherwise audited. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the Township.

The Pension Committee
August 29, 2014
Page 2

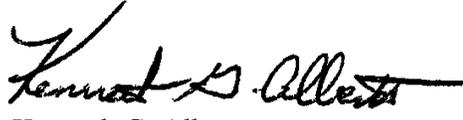
This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems and are independent of the plan sponsor and plan administrator. We certify that the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Waterford Township Employees Retirement System as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. The actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which, individually and in the aggregate, are reasonable.

Brad Lee Armstrong is a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,



Brad Lee Armstrong, ASA, MAAA



Kenneth G. Alberts

BLA/KGA:mrh

SECTION A
VALUATION RESULTS

**COMPUTED CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
BEGINNING JANUARY 1**

Contributions for	Contributions Expressed as Percents of Covered Payroll		
	2015	2014	2013
NORMAL COST			
Age and service pensions	15.71 %	15.04 %	15.02 %
Death-in-service	0.62 %	0.79 %	0.80 %
Disability pensions	1.00 %	0.96 %	0.96 %
Total	17.33 %	16.79 %	16.78 %
Member's Contributions			
Gross contributions@	0.33 %	0.37 %	0.40 %
Less prospective refunds	0.03 %	0.03 %	0.03 %
Available for pensions	0.30 %	0.34 %	0.37 %
Township's Normal Cost	17.03 %	16.45 %	16.41 %
UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES*	10.05 %	12.13 %	12.78 %
TOWNSHIP'S TOTAL CONTRIBUTION RATE	27.08 %	28.58 %	29.19 %
TOWNSHIP'S DOLLAR CONTRIBUTION#	\$1,555,154	\$1,729,217	\$1,922,105

* Amortized as a level dollar over a period of 19 years in 2015, 20 years in 2014 and 21 years in 2013.

The dollar contribution payable at the end of 2015, prorated using the payroll amounts shown on page B-9 projected to the contribution year and adjusted for the timing of payments, is \$931,728 for General members, \$475,511 for Water Department members, and \$147,915 for the 51st District Court employees.

The dollar contribution payable at the end of 2014, prorated using the payroll amounts shown on page B-9 projected to the contribution year and adjusted for the timing of payments, is \$1,046,753 for General members, \$522,974 for Water Department members, and \$159,490 for the 51st District Court employees.

The dollar contribution payable at the end of 2013, prorated using the payroll amounts shown on page B-9 projected to the contribution year and adjusted for the timing of payments, is \$1,173,233 for General members, \$585,847 for Water Department members, and \$163,025 for the 51st District Court employees.

@ Weighted average.

ACTUARIAL BALANCE SHEET - DECEMBER 31, 2013

Present Resources and Expected Future Resources

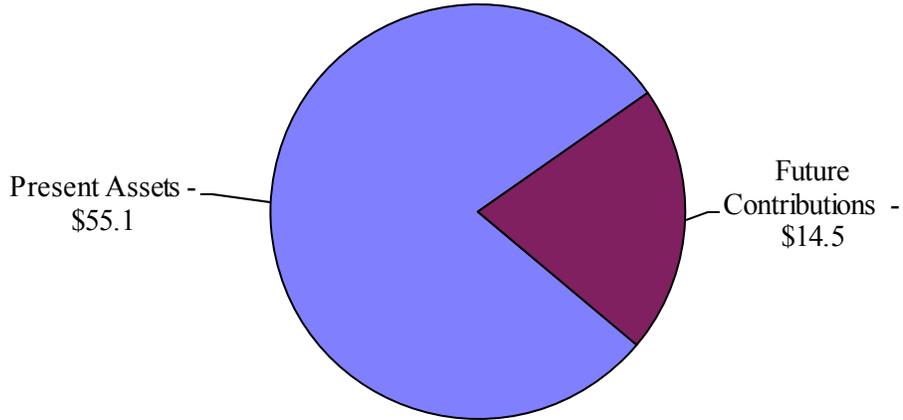
A.	Valuation assets	
	1. Net assets from System financial statements (market value)	\$59,859,497
	2. Valuation adjustment	<u>(4,740,276)</u>
	3. Valuation assets	55,119,221
B.	Actuarial present value of expected future employer contributions	
	1. For normal costs	8,105,995
	2. For unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities	<u>6,261,150</u>
	3. Total	14,367,145
C.	Actuarial present value of expected future member contributions	160,283
D.	Total Actuarial Present Value of Present and Expected Future Resources	<u>\$69,646,649</u>

Actuarial Present Value of Expected Future Benefit Payments and Reserves

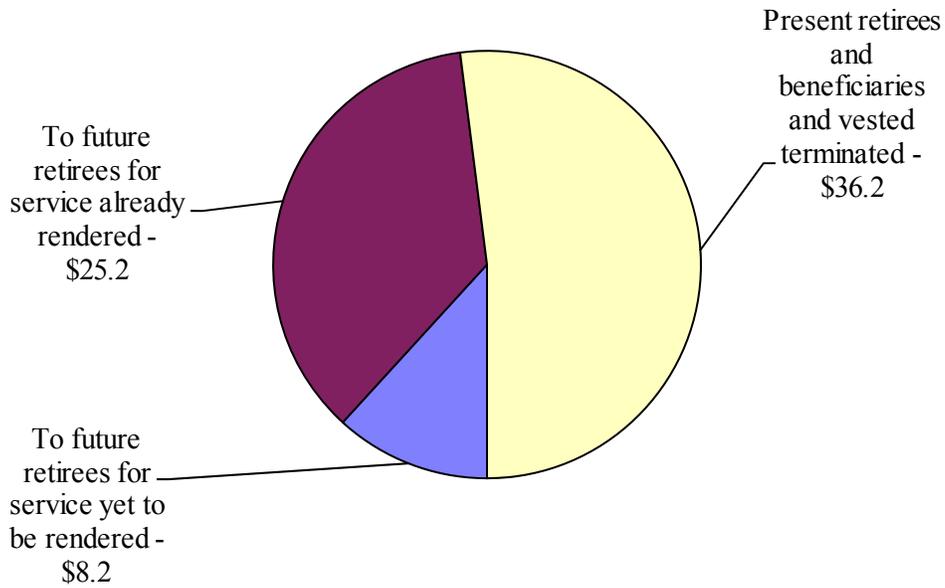
A.	To retirees and beneficiaries	\$33,718,661
B.	To vested terminated members	2,475,374
C.	To present active members	
	1. Allocated to service rendered prior to valuation date	25,186,336
	2. Allocated to service likely to be rendered after valuation date	<u>8,266,278</u>
	3. Total	33,452,614
D.	Total Actuarial Present Value of Expected Future Benefit Payments	<u>\$69,646,649</u>

**FINANCING \$69.6 MILLION OF BENEFIT PROMISES
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Sources of Funds



Uses of Funds



COMMENTS

EXPERIENCE: Overall experience during the year was more favorable than assumed, resulting in an overall gain of 5.6% of beginning of year accrued liabilities (or approximately \$3.3 million).

Experience gains related to:

- Pay increases (average pays decreased by about 0.1% for continuing active members versus a 6.0% expected increase);
- Benefits (actual benefits for members retiring and becoming deferred were less than projected);
- Investment return (9.8% recognized versus 7.0% assumed); and
- Retiree mortality (8 actual deaths versus 4.6 expected deaths).

Were slightly offset by losses related to:

- Turnover (less members quit active service than expected).

Funded status improved during the year from 86.4% to 89.8%.

ASSETS: The market rate of return for the year ending December 31, 2013 was approximately 19.9%. The funding rate of return, however, recognizes $\frac{1}{4}$ of the gains and losses (with respect to 7.0% assumed) from this year and the past three years in an effort to smooth market volatility. Overall, the aggregate recognized investment gain for the year produced a 9.8% recognized rate of return. (See page B-14.)

RESERVE TRANSFERS: The present value of future benefit payments to current retirees and beneficiaries as of December 31, 2013 is \$33,718,661. The reported balance in the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments is \$29,481,910. Therefore, the present value of future payments to retired members and beneficiaries exceeds the reserve by \$4,236,751. We recommend that this amount be transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments effective January 1, 2014. For purposes of this valuation, it was assumed that this transfer would be made.

UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY: Actuarial accrued liabilities exceeded accrued assets by \$6,261,150. The manner in which this Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is amortized is a matter of Board policy. In compliance with Board policy, the UAAL was amortized as a level dollar amount over a closed 19-year period.

COMMENTS

FUTURE OUTLOOK: There are several special areas of concern that are particular to closed plans that we will monitor going forward, including:

- The active population: as the active population decreases, the contribution rate tends to increase and become less stable relative to payroll. At some point in the future, it will be better to report contributions as a dollar amount rather than a percent of payroll.
- Asset allocation: as the plan matures and the active population shrinks, the non-investment cash flow will increase and the asset base will decrease. As this happens, asset allocation may need to change to maintain liquidity and investment time horizon preferences of the Board. If this happens, we recommend reviewing the assumed rate of return to ensure the assumption is reflective of the current asset allocation.
- Negative cash flow: As the negative cash flow continues to increase and the asset base begins to decrease, we will recommend changing from the use of a smoothed funding value of asset method to the market value of asset method. This may be done in stages by reducing the smoothing period when the non-investment cash flow becomes 5% to 10% of the asset base (these cash flows represented about 2.3% of assets for the FY 2013). Shown below is a five-year projection of retirement benefit payments.

Year	Expected Benefit Payments
2014	\$3,336,133
2015	3,519,791
2016	3,687,254
2017	3,725,767
2018	3,938,118

PLAN CHANGE: There were no reported plan changes.

METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS: In line with actuarial professional guidelines and internal GRS guidelines, we have updated the mortality table from the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality to the RP-2000 Mortality, projected to 2017 using Scale BB. The new table has a margin for future mortality improvement as a result of the projection. This change resulted in an increase in accrued liability of approximately \$1.9 million.

RECOMMENDATION: The last experience study was performed in 2000. Given that the plan has been closed for several years and the active demographic assumptions have less of an impact on results, a full experience study may not be warranted. However, we recommend that an abbreviated experience study be performed, concentrating on economic assumptions.

CONCLUSION: The Waterford Township Employees Retirement System is in sound financial condition in accordance with actuarial principles of level dollar funding, presuming continued timely receipt of contributions. The computed employer contribution for FY 2015 is 27.08% of covered payroll or \$1,555,154.

**DERIVATION OF EXPERIENCE GAIN (LOSS)
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Actual experience will never (except by coincidence) exactly match assumed experience. It is expected that gains and losses will largely cancel each other over a period of years, but sizable year-to-year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of the experience gain (loss) is shown below, along with a year-by-year comparative schedule.

	Year Ending December 31, 2013
(1) UAAL* at start of year	\$ 8,124,590
(2) Total normal cost	969,868
(3) Actual contributions	1,945,957
(4) Interest accrual	601,832
(5) Expected UAAL before changes: (1) + (2) - (3) + (4)	7,750,333
(6) Increase from benefit changes	none
(7) Change from actuarial assumptions and methods	1,860,627
(8) Expected UAAL after changes: (5) + (6) + (7)	9,610,960
(9) Actual UAAL at end of year	6,261,150
(10) Gain (loss): (8) - (9)	\$ 3,349,810

* *Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.*

<u>Valuation Date</u>	<u>Experience Gain (Loss) as a %</u>
<u>December 31</u>	<u>of Beginning Accrued Liability</u>

2004	2.7 %
2005	(1.4)%
2006	4.8 %
2007	2.4 %
2008	(21.8)%
2009	(1.1)%
2010	0.3 %
2011	(1.0)%
2012	1.6 %
2013	5.6 %

COMPUTED CONTRIBUTIONS - COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Fiscal Year	Valuation Date Dec. 31	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL)	Valuation Assets	Percent Funded	Unfunded Act. Accr. Liab. (UAAL)			Township Contribution Rate	Dollar Contribution	
					Dollar Amount	Financing (base) Period	% of Member Payroll		Recommended	Actual
2000	1999#	\$ 32,425	\$ 36,325	112.0 %	\$ (3,901)	13	(49.4)%	12.26 %	\$ 1,051,557	\$ 1,051,557
2001	2000#	34,816	39,317	112.9 %	(4,501)	12	(55.0)%	11.07 %	984,758	984,758
2002	2001@	36,673	41,190	112.3 %	(4,517)	11	(50.9)%	10.36 %	994,059	994,059
2003	2002	39,903	40,757	102.1 %	(854)	10	(9.1)%	14.66 %	1,487,005	1,487,005
2004	2003	44,263	41,579	93.9 %	2,683	30	28.3 %	17.35 %	1,780,444	1,780,444
2005	2004	45,462	42,863	94.3 %	2,599	29	28.8 %	17.39 %	1,696,164	1,696,164
2006	2005	46,306	43,301	93.5 %	3,005	28	36.8 %	18.08 %	1,574,175	1,574,175
2007	2006#	48,208	46,990	97.5 %	1,218	27	14.9 %	17.49 %	1,475,885	1,475,885
2008	2007	50,798	50,791	100.0 %	7	26	0.1 %	16.26 %	1,402,952	1,402,952
2009	2008	53,360	44,073	82.6 %	9,287	25	111.8 %	25.65 %	2,204,481	2,204,481
2010	2009#	55,024	45,414	82.5 %	9,610	24	118.3 %	26.27 %	2,208,556	2,208,556
2011	2010@	56,521	47,447	83.9 %	9,074	23	129.1 %	27.65 %	2,011,374	2,011,374
2012	2010@	56,521	47,447	83.9 %	9,074	22	129.1 %	28.26 %	2,017,208	2,017,208
2013	2011	58,750	49,385	84.1 %	9,366	21	150.0 %	29.19 %	1,922,105	1,922,105
2014	2012	59,651	51,527	86.4 %	8,125	20	140.9 %	28.58 %	1,729,217	N/A
2015	2013	59,520	55,119	92.6 %	4,401	19	79.3 %	23.14 %	1,328,501	N/A
2015	2013@	61,380	55,119	89.8 %	6,261	19	112.8 %	27.08 %	1,555,154	N/A

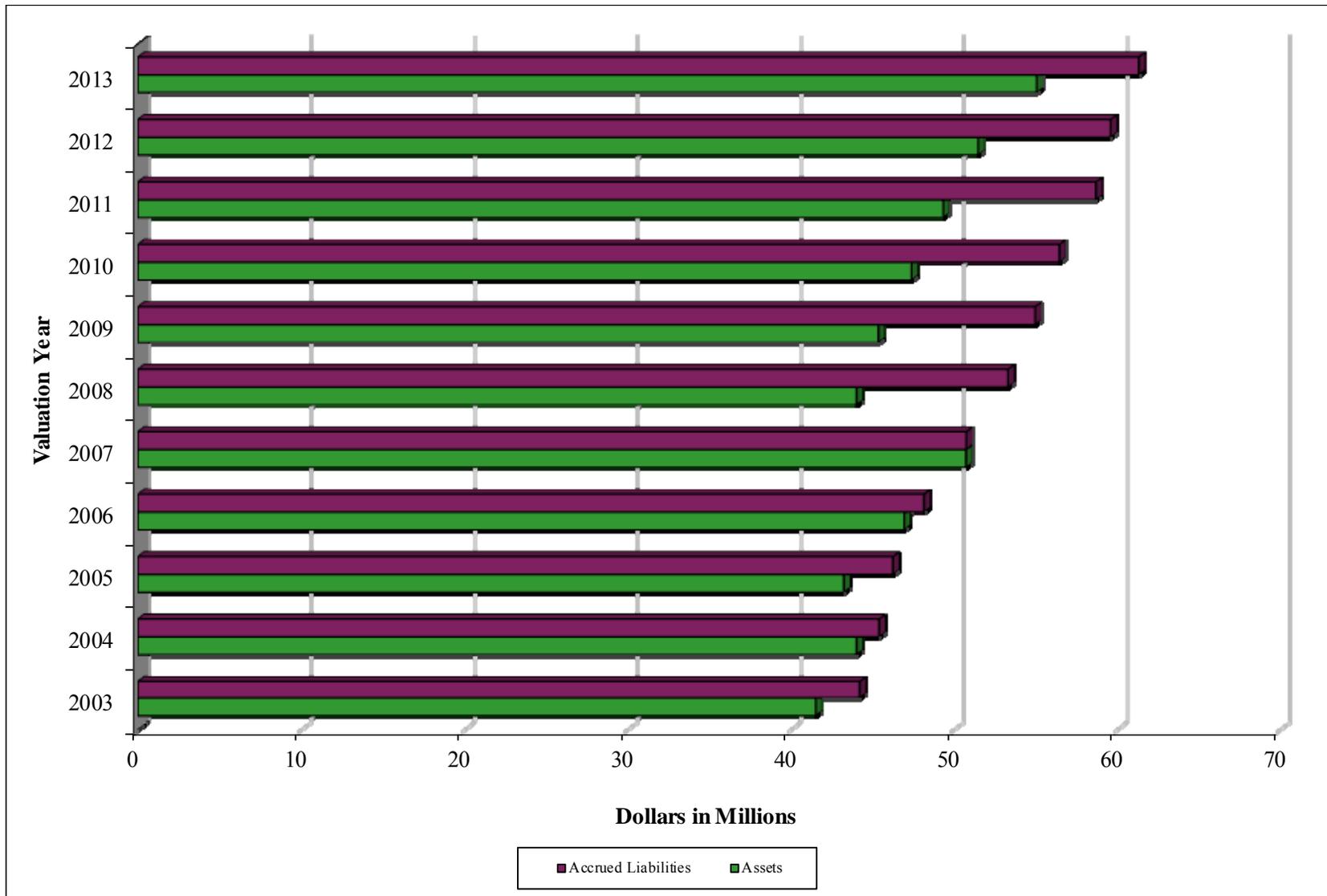
Retirement System amended.

@ Actuarial assumptions or methods revised.

The Ratio of Valuation Assets to AAL is a traditional measure of a system's funding progress. Except in years when the system is amended or actuarial assumptions are revised, this ratio can be expected to increase gradually toward 100%.

The Ratio of UAAL to Valuation Payroll is another relative index of condition. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities represent debt, while active member payroll represents the system's capacity to collect contributions to pay toward debt. The lower the ratio, the greater the financial strength and vice-versa.

ASSETS & ACCRUED LIABILITIES



2003 assets equaled 93.9% of accrued liabilities
 2013 assets equaled 89.8% of accrued liabilities

SECTION B

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS AND VALUATION DATA

BRIEF SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS
DECEMBER 31, 2013

Eligibility

Amount

REGULAR RETIREMENT

Management, Elected Officials before January 1, 1999 (Court Supervisors before April 1, 2002): Sum of age and credited service equals 75 or more, age 55 with 25 years of service or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Dispatchers: 25 years of service regardless of age, or age 60 with 8 years of service.

Crime Scene Investigators (CSI): 25 years of service regardless of age, or age 60 with 10 years of service.

All Others: Age 55 with 25 years of service, or age 60 with 8 years of service. Community Service Officers (CSO) may also retire with 30 years of service regardless of age.

Management, Court Supervisors, Elected Officials, Dispatchers and CSI: Straight life pension equals total service times 2.5% of final average salary (FAS). Management, Court Supervisors, Elected Officials hired on or after January 1, 1999 and CSI have a maximum benefit of 75% of FAS.

Teamsters hired on or prior to July 1, 2006: Straight life pension equals total service times 2.375% of FAS.

All Others: Straight life pension equals total service times 2.25% of FAS. CSO has a maximum benefit of 75% of FAS.

Type of Final Average Salary (FAS): Highest 3 years out of the last 5 years of service. **CSI:** Highest 3 years out of the last 10 years of service.

DEFERRED RETIREMENT

8 or more years of service (5 years for Management & Administrative before January 1, 1999 and Court Supervisors before April 1, 2002). Benefit begins at age 60 (55 with 25 or more years of service at time of termination). **CSI:** Benefit begins at the date retirement would have occurred had the member remained in employment.

Computed as a regular retirement but based upon service and final average salary at termination date.

NON-DUTY DEATH-IN-SERVICE SURVIVOR'S PENSION *

Payable to the survivors of a member who dies with 10 years of service.

Pension payable to surviving spouse, computed as a regular retirement but actuarially reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election.

* *Death and disability benefits for CSI members are the same as those for Police members in the Waterford Township Policemen and Firemen Retirement System.*

BRIEF SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS
DECEMBER 31, 2013
(CONTINUED)

DUTY DEATH-IN-SERVICE SURVIVOR'S PENSION *

Payable to survivors of a member who died as a result of a job related injury. No age or service requirements.

Upon termination of worker's compensation the same amount is continued to widow or dependent, widower and unmarried children under 18 years old.

NON-DUTY DISABILITY *

Payable upon the total and permanent disability of a member with 10 or more years of service.

Computed as a regular retirement with a minimum benefit of 10% of final average salary at time of disability.

DUTY DISABILITY *

Payable upon the total and permanent disability of a member as a result of a job related injury. No age or service requirements. Must be in receipt of worker's compensation.

Computed as a regular retirement with a minimum benefit of 10% of FAS. Based on service and FAS at time of disability.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS

Dispatchers and CSI	5.00% of annual earnings. Annuity withdrawal based on ML Bond index.
Others	None

TOWNSHIP CONTRIBUTIONS

Actuarially determined amounts which are sufficient to cover both (i) normal costs of the plan, and (ii) financing of unfunded accrued benefit values over a selected period of future years.

COMPENSATION

Covered compensation includes base pay plus longevity pay (Overtime is included for Crime Scene Investigators).

* *Death and disability benefits for CSI members are the same as those for Police members in the Waterford Township Policemen and Firemen Retirement System.*

BRIEF SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS
DECEMBER 31, 2013
(CONCLUDED)

PARTICIPATION

Full-time employees of the Township not covered by Act 345 participate in WTERS except Firefighters. However, members hired after the dates below are not eligible to participate and are, instead, covered by a separate defined contribution plan.

Members of	Hire Date
Mgmt / Elected	1/1/2005
Court	1/1/2005
Dispatch	7/1/2006
Teamster	7/1/2006

DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (DROP)

Employees in the Dispatch Union are eligible to participate in the DROP.

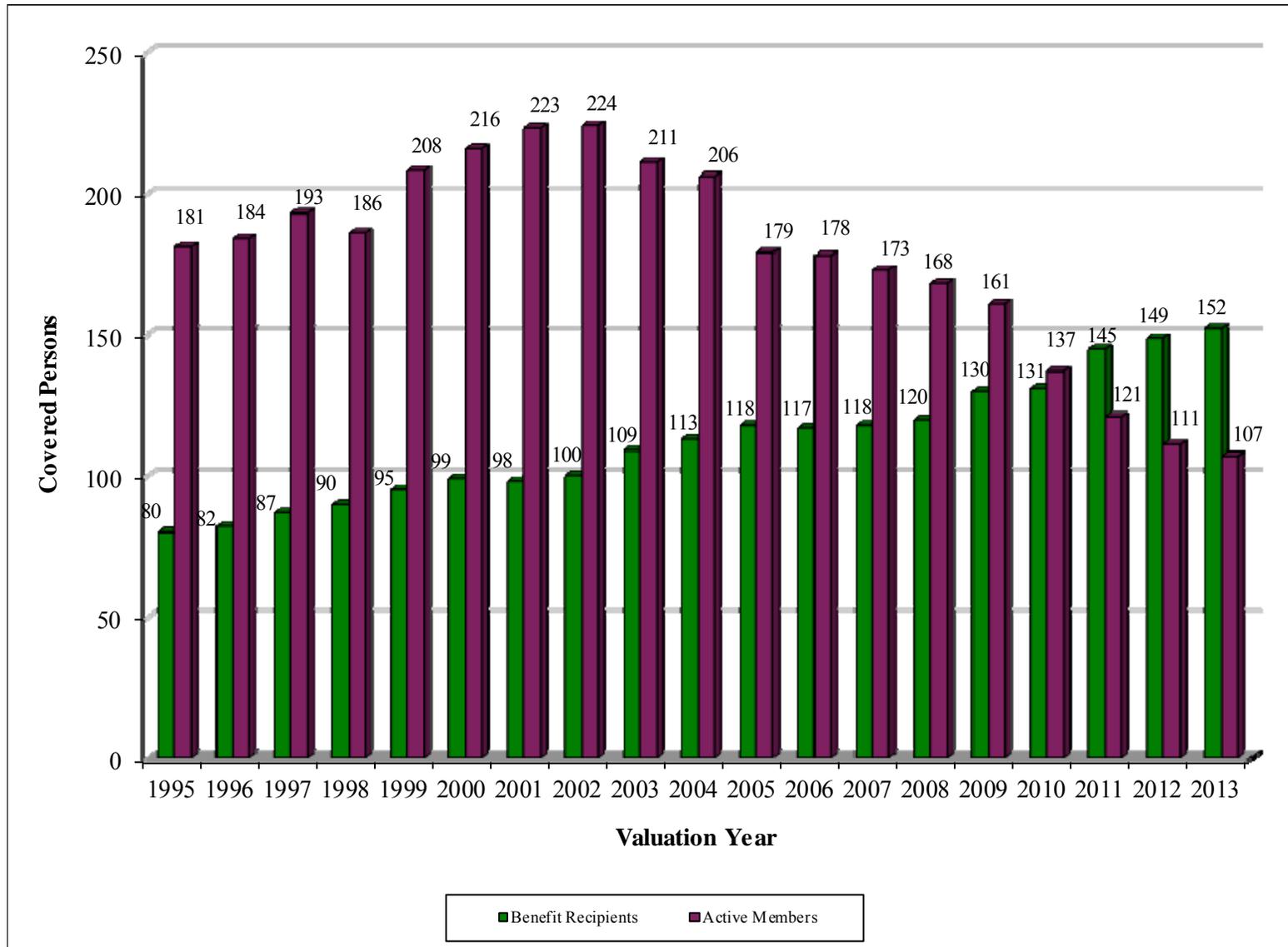
Effective January 1, 2008, any member of the Waterford Township Dispatchers Association hired on or before June 30, 2006 may participate in the DROP after attaining the minimum requirements for a normal service retirement. A monthly amount equal to the amount that would have been paid had the member retired and current member contributions accumulate in a DROP account. The account is credited with the system's prior calendar year's market rate of return (but not greater than 4% interest) each year. Additions cease at the earlier of 5 years of DROP participation or separation from service, although interest on the DROP account will continue to accrue during such time. Participants may continue in covered employment after 5 years of participation or until their 33rd year of service, but do not accumulate additional service credit. Upon actual retirement the member may receive the DROP account balance in the form of a lump sum or as an additional annuity. Member contributions continue during the DROP period. Upon exit from the DROP, the original monthly amount established upon entry in the DROP continues in addition to any other benefits or adjustments. Member contributions made during the DROP period are added to the DROP account.

RETIREE AND BENEFICIARY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

Year Ended	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls End of Year				Average Pension	Expected Removals	
	No.	Annual* Pensions	No.	Annual* Pensions	No.	Active Per Retired	Annual Pensions			No.	Annual Pensions
							Dollars	% of Pay			
1993	15	\$ 260,177	2	\$ 17,378	70	2.4	\$ 737,462	15.6 %	\$ 10,535	1.6	\$ 11,425
1994	2	14,825	1	6,653	71	2.4	745,634	14.4 %	10,502	1.8	13,410
1995	9	128,663			80	2.3	874,297	15.7 %	10,929	2.0	14,894
1996	4	86,779	2	3,477	82	2.2	957,599	15.7 %	11,678	1.7	13,598
1997	7	124,093	2	4,892	87	2.2	1,076,800	16.6 %	12,377	1.8	15,271
1998	8	94,667	5	34,801	90	2.1	1,136,666	17.3 %	12,630	2.0	17,631
1999	5	78,770			95	2.2	1,215,436	15.4 %	12,794	2.1	19,728
2000	4	90,878			99	2.2	1,306,314	16.0 %	13,195	2.5	25,172
2001	6	72,178	7	24,863	98	2.3	1,353,630	15.3 %	13,813	2.8	28,349
2002	4	137,119	2	23,399	100	2.2	1,467,350	15.6 %	14,674	2.6	30,263
2003	13	377,721	4	26,795	109	1.9	1,818,276	19.2 %	16,681	2.7	36,026
2004	4	174,733			113	1.8	1,993,009	22.1 %	17,637	2.9	41,604
2005	5	59,049			118	1.5	2,052,057	25.1 %	17,390	3.2	47,208
2006	5	113,420	6	84,511	117	1.5	2,080,966	25.5 %	17,786	3.6	52,435
2007	5	77,708	4	53,942	118	1.5	2,104,732	25.2 %	17,837	3.8	51,782
2008	2	53,185			120	1.4	2,157,917	26.0 %	17,983	4.0	55,663
2009	7	125,987	6	64,620	121	1.3	2,219,284	27.3 %	18,341	4.4	61,920
2010	19	555,597	9	136,752	131	1.0	2,638,129	37.5 %	20,138	4.4	64,759
2011	22	542,808	8	104,703	145	0.8	3,076,234	49.3 %	21,215	4.4	66,524
2012	8	172,719	4	40,500	149	0.7	3,208,453	55.6 %	21,533	4.5	70,959
2013	11	148,540	8	124,954	152	0.7	3,232,039	58.2 %	21,263	4.6	75,786

* Includes post-retirement adjustments.

ACTIVE MEMBERS & BENEFIT RECIPIENTS



RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES DECEMBER 31, 2013
TABULATED BY ATTAINED AGES

Attained Ages	No.	Annual Pensions
39	1	\$ 17,022
43	1	30,784
46	1	9,215
50	1	9,296
52	3	106,597
53	3	109,016
54	1	25,653
55	2	112,321
56	4	173,810
57	2	73,721
58	7	218,307
59	5	143,639
60	7	85,786
61	4	119,613
62	11	222,430
63	2	17,361
64	10	198,872
65	1	37,746
66	7	119,059
67	5	111,646
68	5	153,170
69	5	110,837
70	5	78,486
71	6	69,070
72	4	70,489
73	1	8,435
74	3	64,250
75	3	45,192
76	4	74,186
77	5	138,018
78	3	51,371
79	2	32,180
80	4	44,426
81	4	88,004
82	1	8,118
83	6	99,685
84	1	10,713
85	3	44,300
86	3	19,504
87	2	39,594
88	1	17,893
89	1	3,498
90	1	6,622
93	1	12,104
Totals	152	\$3,232,039

Average Age Now: 68.7

Average Age at Retirement: 57.5

RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES DECEMBER 31, 2013
TABULATED BY TYPE OF PENSION

Type of Pension Being Paid	No.	Annual Pensions
Age and Service Pensions		
Regular	64	\$ 1,430,168
100% Joint and Survivor	44	943,820
50% Joint and Survivor	28	640,748
Survivor Beneficiary	10	131,327
Totals	146	3,146,063
Casualty Benefits		
Non-Duty Death	0	0
Non-Duty Disability	6	82,401
Duty Disability	1	3,575
Survivor Beneficiary of Disability Pension	0	0
Totals	7	85,976
Total Pensions Being Paid*	153	\$3,232,039

* One member has two different pension types due to an EDRO.

VESTED TERMINATED MEMBERS DECEMBER 31, 2013
TABULATED BY ATTAINED AGES

Attained Ages	No.	Annual Pensions
33	1	\$ 7,500
40	1	8,718
41	3	48,925
42	2	17,824
44	1	29,463
46	1	25,624
47	1	12,276
49	2	18,306
50	4	75,011
51	1	13,602
52	2	22,198
53	3	33,616
54	2	17,043
55	2	18,083
57	1	6,492
58	1	16,175
59	1	15,407
60	1	11,328
65	1	15,495
Totals	31	\$413,086

ACTIVE MEMBERS DECEMBER 31, 2013
BY TOWNSHIP DEPARTMENT

Department	Number of Members	Annual Payroll
General		
Dispatch	8	\$ 411,363
CSI	0	0
General Union	42	1,961,491
Management and Admin Pre 1/1/1999	9	711,914
Management and Admin Post 1/1/1999	4	241,197
Total General	63	3,325,965
Water		
Water Union	31	1,459,185
Water Management Pre 1/1/1999	2	174,314
Water Management Post 1/1/1999	1	63,919
Total Water	34	1,697,418
51st District Court		
Court Union	7	348,472
Court Supervisors Pre 4/1/2002	2	133,850
Court Supervisors Post 4/1/2002	1	45,686
Total 51st District Court	10	528,008
Totals	107	\$5,551,391

ACTIVE MEMBERS DECEMBER 31, 2013
BY TOWNSHIP DEPARTMENT

Comparative Schedule

Valuation Date Dec. 31	Active Members				Valuation Payroll	Average				
	Gen.	Water	Court	Total		Age	Service	Pay	% Incr.	
1980	117	36	N/A	153	\$2,596,759	40.0 yrs.	7.7 yrs.	\$16,972	12.0 %	
1985	114	31	N/A	145	3,270,861	42.0	9.9	22,558	6.0 %	
1990	110	36	30	176	4,605,296	42.3	10.1	26,166	6.0 %	
1991	109	37	33	179	4,910,061	41.9	10.1	27,431	4.8 %	
1992	103	40	34	177	5,242,635	42.3	10.4	29,619	8.0 %	
1993	95	39	32	166	4,739,798	41.7	10.1	28,553	(3.6)%	
1994	98	40	31	169	5,191,073	42.4	10.4	30,716	7.6 %	
1995	105	44	32	181	5,565,897	41.2	9.8	30,751	0.1 %	
1996	108	45	31	184	6,086,705	42.4	10.2	33,080	7.6 %	
1997	113	49	31	193	6,487,465	42.2	9.8	33,614	1.6 %	
1998	112	46	28	186	6,563,277	42.3	10.5	35,286	5.0 %	
1999	127	51	30	208	7,892,467	41.6	9.7	37,945	7.5 %	
2000	135	49	32	216	8,185,631	41.8	9.7	37,896	(0.1)%	
2001	141	50	32	223	8,871,473	42.3	10.0	39,782	5.0 %	
2002	140	50	34	224	9,378,252	43.2	10.6	41,867	5.2 %	
2003	125	53	33	211	9,487,946	43.4	10.6	44,967	7.4 %	
2004	124	51	31	206	9,018,029	44.2	11.3	43,777	(2.6)%	
2005	112	48	19	179	8,167,274	44.8	12.6	45,627	4.2 %	
2006	109	51	18	178	8,153,092	45.2	13.1	45,804	0.4 %	
2007	105	50	18	173	8,336,466	45.9	14.0	48,188	5.2 %	
2008	101	50	17	168	8,303,833	46.7	15.0	49,428	2.6 %	
2009	98	48	15	161	8,122,841	47.7	15.9	50,452	2.1 %	
2010	87	39	11	137	7,028,413	48.5	16.6	51,302	1.7 %	
2011	73	38	10	121	6,245,774	47.9	16.7	51,618	0.6 %	
2012	66	35	10	111	5,766,161	48.3	17.5	51,947	0.6 %	
2013	63	34	10	107	\$5,551,391	49.3	18.3	\$51,882	(0.1)%	

ACTIVE MEMBERS ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS

Year	No. Added During Year A	Removed During Year										Active Members End of Year
		Normal Retirement		Disabled		Died-in Service		Terminations				
		A	E	A	E	A	E	Vested A	Other A	Total A E		
2003	7	11	5.7	1	0.4	0	0.2	2	6	8	8.8	211
2004	4	4	5.1	0	0.4	0	0.2	1	4	5	7.7	206
2005	5	5	5.0	0	0.5	0	0.2	3	24	27	7.0	179
2006	5	3	3.8	0	0.4	0	0.3	1	2	3	5.7	178
2007	0	3	5.3	0	0.5	0	0.3	2	0	2	5.4	173
2008	0	2	5.4	0	0.5	0	0.4	3	0	3	4.3	168
2009	0	3	5.4	0	0.5	0	0.4	3	1	4	4.3	161
2010	0	13	6.4	0	0.5	0	0.4	7	4	11	3.6	137
2011	4*	17	6.6	2	0.5	0	0.4	0	1	1	2.7	121
2012	0	5	4.4	0	0.4	0	0.3	4	1	5	2.5	111
2013	0	3	4.3	0	0.4	0	0.3	1	0	1	2.2	107
10 Yr. Totals	14	58	51.7	2	4.6	0	3.2	25	37	62	45.4	

* Re-hired from lay-off.

A = Actual

E = Expected

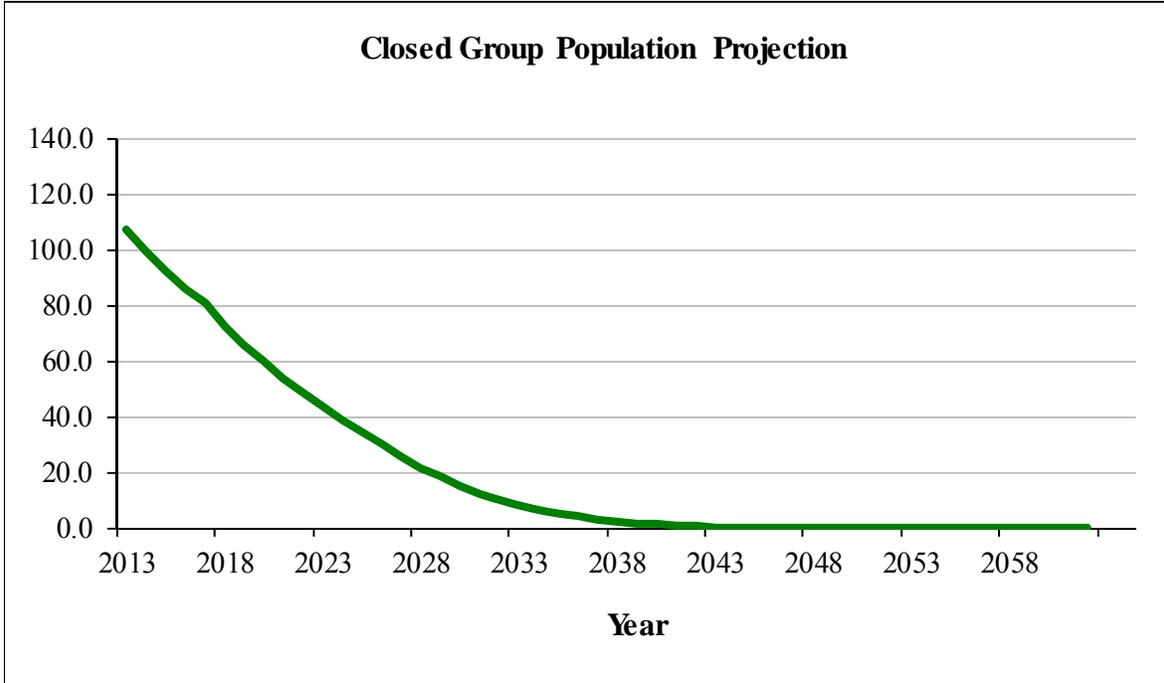
**ALL ACTIVE MEMBERS DECEMBER 31, 2013
BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE**

Attained Age	Years of Service to Valuation Date							Totals	
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No	Valuation Payroll
20-24									
25-29									
30-34			4					4	\$ 197,630
35-39		2	5	1				8	384,213
40-44		1	8	10	2			21	1,068,264
45-49		2	4	6	6	5		23	1,188,217
50-54		1	5	3	8	4	1	22	1,095,750
55-59		2	1	5	4	5	1	18	926,402
60		1		3			1	5	380,118
61									
62			1					1	43,202
63			2					2	84,971
64									
65			1	1				2	127,129
88					1			1	55,495
Total		9	31	29	21	14	3	107	\$5,551,391

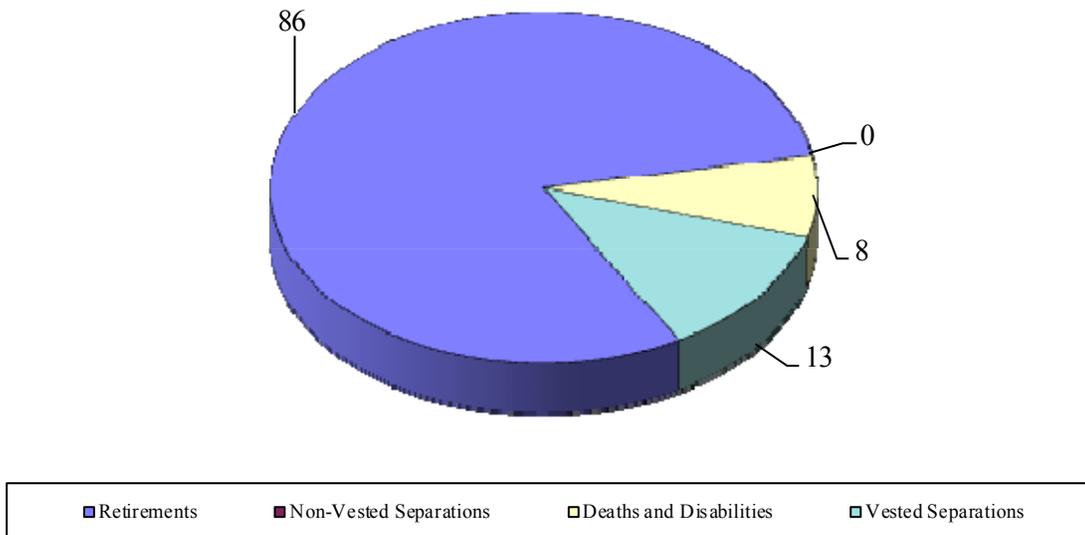
While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 49.3 years
Service: 18.3 years
Annual Pay: \$51,882

**EXPECTED DEVELOPMENT OF PRESENT POPULATION
DECEMBER 31, 2013**



**Expected Terminations from Active Employment
for Current Active Members**



The charts show the expected future development of the present population in simplified terms. The Retirement System presently covers 107 active members. 99 people are expected to receive monthly retirement benefits either by retiring directly from active service, or by retiring from vested deferred status. 8 people are expected to become eligible for death-in-service or disability benefits. Within 9 years, over half of the covered membership is expected to terminate.

DEVELOPMENT OF FUNDING VALUE OF RETIREMENT SYSTEM ASSETS

Year Ended December 31:	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
A. Funding Value Beginning of Year	\$ 45,413,693	\$ 47,447,115	\$ 49,384,643	\$ 51,526,549			
B. Market Value End of Year	48,409,725	47,142,583	51,202,428	59,859,497			
C. Market Value Beginning of Year	42,475,423	48,409,725	47,142,583	51,202,428			
D. Non-Investment Net Cash Flow	(86,408)	(718,235)	(1,063,256)	(1,368,361)			
E. Investment Income							
E1. Market Total: B - C - D	6,020,710	(548,907)	5,123,101	10,025,430			
E2. Amount for Immediate Recognition (7.0%)	3,175,934	3,296,160	3,419,711	3,558,966			
E3. Amount for Phased-In Recognition: E1-E2	2,844,776	(3,845,067)	1,703,390	6,466,464			
F. Phased-In Recognition of Investment Income							
F1. Current Year: 0.25 x E3	711,194	(961,267)	425,848	1,616,616			
F2. First Prior Year	1,021,021	320,870	(961,267)	425,848	\$ 1,616,616		
F3. Second Prior Year	(3,213,013)		320,870	(961,267)	425,848	\$ 1,616,616	
F4. Third Prior Year	424,694			320,870	(961,266)	425,846	\$ 1,616,616
F5. Total Recognized Investment Gain (Loss)	(1,056,104)	(640,397)	(214,549)	1,402,067	1,081,198	2,042,462	1,616,616
G. Funding Value End of Year							
G1. Preliminary Funding Value End of Year: A+D+E2+F5	47,447,115	49,384,643	51,526,549	55,119,221			
G2. Upper Corridor Limit: 125% x B	60,512,156	58,928,229	64,003,035	74,824,371			
G3. Lower Corridor Limit: 75% x B	36,307,294	35,356,937	38,401,821	44,894,623			
G4. Funding Value End of Year	47,447,115	49,384,643	51,526,549	55,119,221			
H. Difference between Market & Funding Value	\$ 962,610	\$ (2,242,060)	\$ (324,121)	\$ 4,740,276	\$ 3,659,078	\$ 1,616,616	\$ 0
I. Recognized Rate of Return	4.67%	5.64%	6.56%	9.76%			
J. Market Value Rate of Return	14.19%	(1.14)%	10.99%	19.85%			
K. Ratio of Funding Value to Market Value	98.01%	104.76%	100.63%	92.08%			

The Funding Value of Assets recognizes assumed investment income (line E2) fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income (line E3) are phased-in over a closed 4-year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, Funding Value of Assets will tend to be less than Market Value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, Funding Value of Assets will tend to be greater than Market Value. The Funding Value of Assets is *unbiased* with respect to Market Value. At any time, it may be either greater or lesser than Market Value. If assumed rates are exactly realized for 3 consecutive years, it will become equal to Market Value.

**SUMMARY OF
CURRENT ASSET INFORMATION**

Balance Sheet

Valuation Assets		Reserve for	
Cash & Equivalents	\$ 3,469,693	Employee Contributions	\$ 321,217
Common Stock	44,878,460	Employer Contributions	30,056,370
Bonds	12,023,000	Retired Benefit Payments	29,481,910
Real Estate	0	Undistributed Investment	0
Other Assets	276,662		
Accounts Payable	(788,318)		
Market Adjustment	(4,740,276)	Market Adjustment	(4,740,276)
Funding Value of Assets	\$55,119,221	Total Reserves	\$55,119,221

Receipts and Disbursements

	2013	2012
Funding Value - January 1	\$51,526,549	\$49,384,643
Receipts		
Employee Contributions	23,852	28,334
Employer Contributions	1,922,105	2,017,208
Recognized Investment Income	5,313,644	3,533,082
Total	7,259,601	5,578,624
Disbursements		
Benefit Payments	3,314,318	3,108,798
Transfer to DC Plan	-	-
Administrative & Investment Expense	352,611	327,920
Other	-	-
Total	3,666,929	3,436,718
Funding Value of Assets	\$55,119,221	\$51,526,549

Valuation assets are equal to the funding value of assets. See page B-14.

SECTION C

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL COST METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS

BASIC FINANCIAL OBJECTIVE AND OPERATION OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefit Promises Made Which Must Be Paid For. A retirement system is an orderly means of handing out, keeping track of, and financing contingent pension promises to a group of employees. As each member of the Retirement System acquires a unit of service credit they are, in effect, handed an “IOU” which reads: “The Employees Retirement System promises to pay you one unit of retirement benefits, payments in cash commencing when you retire.”

The principal related financial question is: When shall the money required to cover the “IOU” be contributed? This year, when the benefit of the member’s service is received? Or, some future year when the “IOU” becomes a cash demand?

The Constitution of the State of Michigan is directed to the question:

“Financial benefits arising on account of service rendered in each fiscal year shall be funded during that year and such funding shall not be used for financing unfunded accrued liabilities.”

This Retirement System meets this constitutional requirement by having as its ***financial objective to establish and receive contributions, expressed as percents of active member payroll, which will remain approximately level from year to year*** and will not have to be increased for future generations of taxpayers.

Translated into actuarial terminology, a level percent-of-payroll contribution objective means that the contribution rate must be at least:

Normal Cost (the current value of benefits likely to be paid on account of members’ service being rendered in the current year)

... plus ...

Interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (the difference between the actuarial accrued liability and current system assets).

A by-product of the level percent-of-payroll contribution objective is the accumulation of invested assets for varying periods of time.

Invested assets are a by-product of level percent-of-payroll contributions, not the objective. Investment income becomes the major contributor to the Retirement System, and the amount is directly related to the amount of contributions and investment performance.

If contributions to the Retirement System are less than the preceding amount, the difference, plus investment earnings not realized thereon, will have to be contributed at some later time, or, benefits will have to be reduced, to satisfy the fundamental fiscal equation under which all retirement programs must operate; that is:

$$\mathbf{B = C + I - E}$$

The aggregate amount of Benefit payments to any group of members and their beneficiaries cannot exceed the sum of:

The aggregate amount of Contributions received on behalf of the group

... plus ...

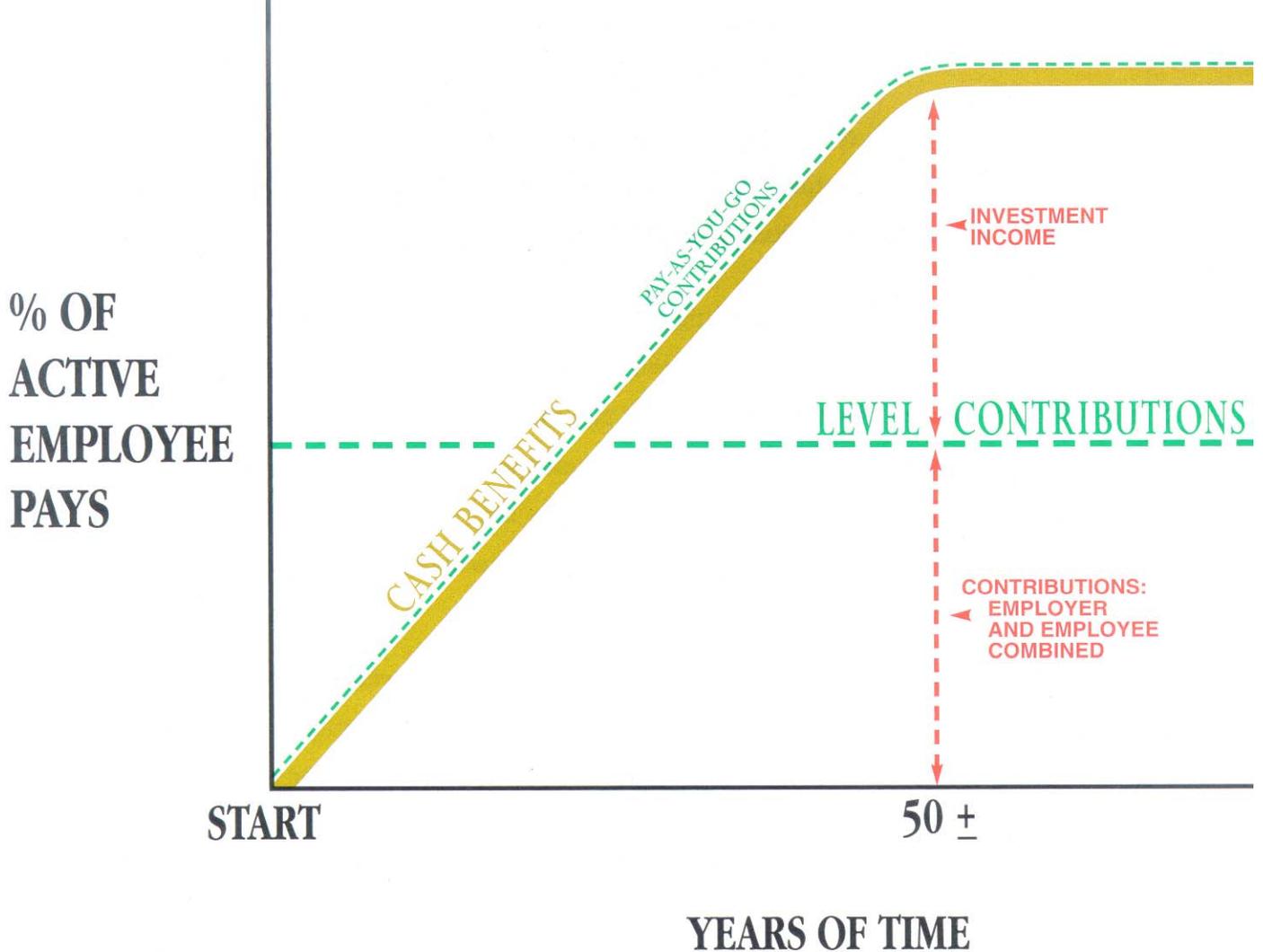
Interest earnings on contributions received and not required for immediate payment of benefits

... minus ...

The Expenses of operating the program.

There are retirement systems designed to defer the bulk of contributions far into the future. Lured by artificially low present contributions, the inevitable consequence of a relentlessly increasing contribution rate -- to a level greatly in excess of the level percent-of-payroll rate -- is ignored. ***This method of financing is prohibited in Michigan by the State constitution.***

Computed Contribution Rate Needed to Finance Benefits. From a given schedule of benefits and from the data furnished, the actuary calculates the contribution rate by means of an actuarial valuation - the technique of assigning monetary values to the risks assumed in operating a retirement system.



CASH BENEFITS LINE. This relentlessly increasing line is the fundamental reality of retirement plan financing. It happens each time a new benefit is added for future retirements (and happens regardless of the design for contributing for benefits).

LEVEL CONTRIBUTION LINE. Determining the level contribution line requires detailed assumptions concerning a variety of experiences in future decades, including:

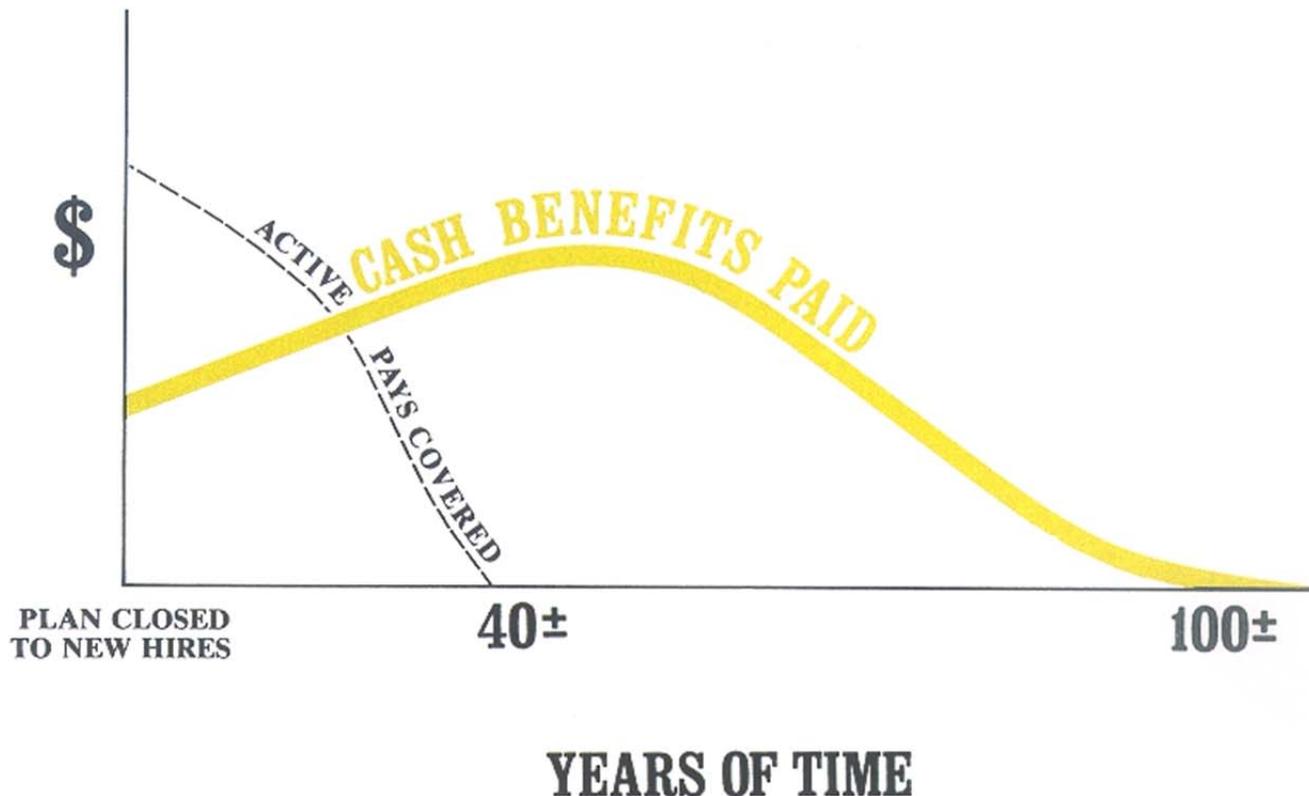
Economic Risk Areas

- Rates of investment return
- Rates of pay increase
- Changes in active member group size

Non-Economic Risk Areas

- Ages at actual retirement
- Rates of mortality
- Rates of withdrawal of active members (turnover)
- Rates of disability

A CLOSED PENSION PLAN



A plan becomes closed when no new hires are admitted to active membership. The persons covered by the plan at the time of closing continue their normal activities and continue to be covered by the plan, until the last survivor dies.

CASH BENEFITS LINE. After a pension plan becomes closed, the usual pattern is for cash benefits to continue to increase for decades of time. Eventually the cash benefits will peak, and then gradually decrease over more decades of time, ultimately to zero. The last cash benefit is likely to occur a century after the time the plan is closed.

The precise amounts of cash benefits cannot be known now, and must be estimated by assumptions of future experiences in a variety of financial risk areas.

METHODOLOGY

Actuarial Cost Method. Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date were determined using the individual entry-age actuarial cost method having the following characteristics:

- i) the annual normal costs for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, are sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement or termination;
- ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (the portion of total liabilities not covered by present assets or expected future normal cost contributions) were amortized by level (principal or interest combined) dollar contributions over a closed period of 19 years. Level dollar amortization was used since the plan is closed to new hires. There is a 1-year lag between the valuation date and the contribution effective date. Unfunded liabilities were projected to the contribution effective date based on the valuation assumed rate of return and the adopted contributions and then amortized.

Asset Valuation Method. Last year's valuation assets are increased by contributions and reduced by refunds, benefit payments and expenses. An amount equal to the assumed investment return for the year is then added. Differences between actual return on a market value basis and an assumed return are phased-in over a four-year period.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR THE VALUATION

The actuary calculates the contribution requirements and benefit values of the System by applying actuarial assumptions to the benefit provisions and people information furnished, using the actuarial cost method described on the previous page.

The principal areas of financial risk which require assumptions about the future are:

- long-term rates of investment return to be generated by the assets of the Fund
- patterns of pay increases to members
- rates of mortality among members, retirees and beneficiaries
- rates of withdrawal of active members (without entitlement to a retirement benefit)
- rates of disability among members
- the age patterns of actual retirement

In an actuarial valuation, the actuary calculates the monetary effect of each assumption for as long as a present covered person survives - - - a period of time which can be as long as a century.

Actual experience of the System will not coincide exactly with assumed experience, regardless of the wisdom of the assumptions, or the skill of the actuary and the precision of the many calculations made. Each valuation provides a complete recalculation of assumed future experience and takes into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is a continual series of adjustments (usually small) to the computed contribution rate.

From time to time it becomes appropriate to modify one or more of the assumptions, to reflect experience trends (but not random year to year fluctuations).

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR THE VALUATION

Investment Return (net of investment expenses): 7% a year, compounded yearly. This rate consists of a rate of wage inflation of 4.5% a year. There is no specific assumption regarding price inflation, but a price inflation assumption of 3.0%-3.5% would be consistent with the other economic assumptions.

This assumption is used to equate the value of payments due at different points in time and was first used for the December 31, 1982 valuation. Approximate rates of investment return, for the purpose of comparisons with assumed rates, are shown below. Actual increases in average active member pay are also shown for comparative purposes.

	Year Ended December 31					5-Year Average*
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	
Rate of Investment Return	9.8 %	6.6 %	5.6 %	4.7 %	2.9 %	5.9 %
Increase in Average Pay	(0.1)%	0.6 %	0.6 %	1.7 %	2.1 %	1.0 %
Real Rate of Return	9.9 %	6.0 %	5.0 %	3.0 %	0.8 %	4.9 %

* Compounded rate of increase.

The nominal rate of return was computed using the approximate formula $i = I$ divided by $1/2(A + B - I)$, where I is recognized investment income net of expenses, A is the beginning of year asset value, and B is the end of year asset value.

These rates of return should not be used for measurement of an investment advisor's performance or for comparisons with other systems – *to do so will mislead*.

Pay Projections. These assumptions are used to project current pays to those upon which benefits will be based. The assumptions were first used for the December 31, 1982 valuation.

Sample Ages	Percent Increase in Salary		
	Base Economic	Promotion & Longevity	Total
20	4.5%	3.2%	7.7%
25	4.5%	3.0%	7.5%
30	4.5%	2.5%	7.0%
35	4.5%	2.4%	6.9%
40	4.5%	2.1%	6.6%
45	4.5%	1.5%	6.0%
50	4.5%	1.2%	5.7%
55	4.5%	1.0%	5.5%
60	4.5%	0.0%	4.5%
Ref		192	

Probabilities of retirement for members eligible to retire were:

Retirement Ages	Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year			
	Rule of 75 for Management & Administrative Hired Before 1999	Others	Service	CSI and Dispatchers
45	10%		25	35%
46	10%		26	30%
47	10%		27	30%
48	10%		28	30%
49	10%		29	30%
50	10%	20%	30	30%
51	10%	20%	31	30%
52	10%	20%	32	30%
53	10%	20%	33	30%
54	10%	20%	34	40%
55	10%	20%	35	100%
56	10%	20%	36	100%
57	10%	20%	37	100%
58	10%	20%	38	100%
59	10%	20%	39	100%
60	10%	20%	40	100%
61	10%	20%	41	100%
62	30%	20%	42	100%
63	10%	20%	43	100%
64	10%	25%	44	100%
65	100%	30%	45	100%
66	100%	25%	46	100%
67	100%	25%	47	100%
68	100%	25%	48	100%
69	100%	40%	49	100%
70	100%	100%	50	100%
Ref	572	210	Ref	358

Probabilities of retirement (continued): Management, and Elected Officials before January 1, 1999 and members of Court Supervisors before April 1, 2002 are eligible to retire once the sum of their age and credited service equals 75 or more or at age 60 with 5 years of service. Dispatchers and CSI are eligible to retire once they have completed 25 years of service regardless of age (30 years for CSO). All other members are eligible for retirement after attaining age 55 with 25 years of service. All members are eligible at age 60 with 8 (10 years for CSI) or more years of service. Retirement probabilities for Dispatch are adjusted due to the DROP plan as follows:

- Probabilities are multiplied by 50% for each of the first 5 years of eligibility.
- Probabilities are multiplied by 150% for each of the next 5 years of eligibility.
- Resulting probabilities cannot be more than 100%.
- Probabilities are 100% upon attainment of 33 years of service.

Withdrawal Rates: Separations from active employment before retirement, death or disability:

Sample Ages	Years of Service	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year
ALL	0	10.0%
	1	8.0%
	2	7.0%
	3	6.0%
	4	5.0%
20	5 & Over	6.0%
25		6.0%
30		5.1%
35		4.4%
40		3.2%
45		2.1%
50		1.7%
55		1.7%
60		1.7%
Ref		587

The mortality table used to measure pre and post-retirement mortality was the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected 17 years using scale BB. This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of members dying before retirement and the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement. 100% percent of pre-retirement deaths were assumed to be non-duty related and 0% were assumed to be duty related. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional 10 years. The membership size in this group is not sufficiently large to determine if there is a margin for mortality improvements. Based on our extensive experience with a broad cross section of public sector plans, it is our opinion this assumption provides a margin for future mortality improvement.

Sample Attained Ages	Single Life Retirement Values			
	Present Value of \$1 Monthly for Life		Future Life Expectancy (years)	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
45	\$157.89	\$160.75	37.37	40.05
50	151.53	155.21	32.66	35.29
55	143.31	147.98	28.05	30.61
60	133.15	138.76	23.61	26.04
65	120.99	127.52	19.42	21.70
70	106.84	114.52	15.53	17.68
75	90.95	99.97	12.00	14.02
80	65.26	84.14	8.93	10.76
Ref:	717 x 1.00	718 x 1.00		

Disability Rates: This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of members dying before retirement and the probabilities of each benefit being made after retirement.

Sample Ages	Probability of Becoming Disabled Within the Next Year		
	Men	Women	
20	0.07%	0.03%	
25	0.09%	0.05%	
30	0.10%	0.07%	
35	0.14%	0.13%	
40	0.21%	0.19%	
45	0.32%	0.28%	
50	0.52%	0.45%	
55	0.92%	0.76%	
60	1.53%	1.10%	
Ref	33 x 1.00	34	x 1.00

MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL ASSUMPTIONS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Marriage Assumption:	100% of males and 100% of females are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses.
Pay Increase Timing:	Beginning of (Fiscal) year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.
Decrement Timing:	Decrements are assumed to occur mid-year.
Eligibility Testing:	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year in the middle of the year (coincident with timing of decrements).
Decrement Relativity:	Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
Decrement Operation:	Disability and mortality decrements do not operate during the first five years of service. Disability and withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Normal Form of Benefit:	The assumed normal form of benefit is the straight life form.
Option Factors:	Option factors are based upon 7.0% interest and the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table with a 90% Male/10% Female Blend.
Incidence of Contributions:	Contributions are assumed to be received at the end of the year based upon the computed dollar amount of contributions shown in the report.
Benefit Service:	Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.

GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as “accrued liability” or “past service liability.”

Accrued Service. The service credited under the plan, which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the “actuarial present value of future plan benefits” between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the “actuarial funding method.”

Actuarial Equivalent. A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.

Actuarial Present Value. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Amortization. Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

Experience Gain (Loss). A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

Normal Cost. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as “current service cost.” Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

Plan Termination Liability. The actuarial present value of future plan benefits based on the assumption that there will be no further accruals for the future service and salary. The termination liability will generally be less than the liabilities computed on a “going-concern” basis and is not normally determined in a routine actuarial valuation.

GLOSSARY

Reserve Account. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as “unfunded accrued liability.”

Valuation Assets. The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes.

PENSIONS IN AN INFLATIONARY ENVIRONMENT

Value of \$1,000/month Retirement Benefit to an Individual Who Retires at Age 55 in an Environment of 4.5% Inflation

<u>Age</u>	<u>Monthly Benefit</u>
55	\$1,000
56	957
57	916
58	876
59	839
60	802
65	644
70	517
75	415
80	333
85	267

The life expectancy of a 55-year-old male retiree is to age 83. The life expectancy for a 55-year-old female retiree is to age 86. Half of the people will outlive their life expectancy. The effects of even moderate amounts of inflation can be significant for those who live to an advanced age.

SECTION D

FINANCIAL REPORTING

This information is presented in draft form for review by the System's auditor. Please let us know if there are any changes so that we may maintain consistency with the System's financial statements.

STATEMENT OF MARKET VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS

	December 31	
	2013	2012
Assets		
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$ 3,469,693	\$ 5,831,586
Receivables		
Accrued Interest & Contributions Rec.	0	0
Investments		
U.S. Government Bonds	0	0
Corporate Bonds	0	0
Other Fixed Income	12,023,000	11,798,278
Real Estate	0	0
Common Stocks	44,878,460	36,322,023
Other	276,662	266,817
	<u>\$57,178,122</u>	<u>\$48,387,118</u>
Less Accounts Payable:	(788,318)	(3,016,276)
Net Assets held in trust for pension benefits (A schedule of funding progress for the plan is presented on page D-4.)	\$59,859,497	\$51,202,428

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MARKET VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS

	Reconciliation at December 31	
	2013	2012
Additions		
Contributions		
Employer	\$ 1,922,105	\$ 2,017,208
Plan members	23,852	28,334
Total contributions	<u>1,945,957</u>	<u>2,045,542</u>
Investment Income	10,378,041	5,451,021
Total additions	12,323,998	7,496,563
Deductions		
Benefits	3,314,318	3,108,798
DC plan transfers	0	0
Expenses	352,611	327,920
Total deductions	<u>3,666,929</u>	<u>3,436,718</u>
Net Increase	8,657,069	4,059,845
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits		
Beginning of year	\$51,202,428	\$47,142,583
End of year	\$59,859,497	\$51,202,428

Plan Description. The Waterford Township Employees Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers general members of Waterford Township.

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Contributions. Dispatchers and Crime Scene Investigators contribute 5% of annual earnings.

The employer's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions based upon a *fundamental financial objective of having rates of contribution which remain relatively level from generation to generation of Waterford Township citizens*. To determine the employer contribution rates and to assess the extent to which the fundamental financial objective is being achieved, the System has actuarial valuations prepared annually. In preparing those valuations, the entry age actuarial cost method is used to determine normal cost and actuarial accrued liabilities.

Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (full funding credit) are amortized by level dollar contributions over a closed period of 19 years. There is a 1-year lag between the valuation date and the contribution effective date.

On the basis of the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the employer rates were determined to be as follows:

Contributions for	Percents of Active Member Payroll
Normal Cost	17.03 %
Accrued Liabilities	10.05 %
Total Employer Rate	27.08 %

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS
(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll <u>(b)-(a)</u> (c)
12/31/1994#	\$20.3	\$20.8	\$0.5	97.6%	\$5.2	9.6%
12/31/1995@	23.1	23.5	0.4	98.3%	5.6	7.1
12/31/1996	25.9	25.6	(0.3)	101.2%	6.1	-
12/31/1997#	29.1	27.3	(1.8)	106.6%	6.5	-
12/31/1998	33.4	29.2	(4.2)	114.4%	6.6	-
12/31/1999#	36.3	32.4	(3.9)	112.0%	7.9	-
12/31/2000#	39.3	34.8	(4.5)	112.9%	8.2	-
12/31/2001@	41.2	36.7	(4.5)	112.3%	8.9	-
12/31/2002	40.8	39.9	(0.9)	102.3%	9.4	-
12/31/2003	41.6	44.3	2.7	93.9%	9.5	28.4
12/31/2004	42.9	45.5	2.6	94.3%	9.0	28.9
12/31/2005	43.3	46.3	3.0	93.5%	8.2	36.6
12/31/2006#	47.0	48.2	1.2	97.5%	8.2	14.6
12/31/2007	50.8	50.8	0.0	100.0%	8.3	-
12/31/2008@	44.1	53.4	9.3	82.6%	8.3	112.0
12/31/2009#	45.4	55.0	9.6	82.5%	8.1	118.5
12/31/2010@	47.4	56.5	9.1	83.9%	7.0	130.0
12/31/2011	49.4	58.8	9.4	84.0%	6.2	151.6
12/31/2012	51.5	59.7	8.2	86.3%	5.8	141.4
12/31/2013@	55.1	61.4	6.3	89.7%	5.6	112.5

@ Actuarial assumptions or methods revised.

Retirement System amended.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year	Annual Recommended Contribution	Actual Contributions	Percent Contributed
1995	\$ 985,711	\$ 985,711	100%
1996	1,045,222	1,045,222	100%
1997	1,087,461	1,087,461	100%
1998	1,044,847	1,044,847	100%
1999	838,085	838,085	100%
2000	1,051,557	1,051,557	100%
2001	984,758	984,758	100%
2002	994,059	994,059	100%
2003	1,487,005	1,487,005	100%
2004	1,780,444	1,780,444	100%
2005	1,696,164	1,696,164	100%
2006	1,574,175	1,574,175	100%
2007	1,475,885	1,475,885	100%
2008	1,402,952	1,402,952	100%
2009	2,204,481	2,204,481	100%
2010	2,208,556	2,208,556	100%
2011	2,011,374	2,011,374	100%
2012	2,017,208	2,017,208	100%
2013	1,922,105	1,922,105	100%
2014	1,729,217	N/A	N/A
2015	1,555,154	N/A	N/A

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	December 31, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry age actuarial cost method
Amortization method [^]	Closed, level dollar
Remaining amortization period	19 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market 75%/125% Corridor
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	7.0%
Projected salary increases*	4.5% to 7.7%
Cost-of-living adjustments	N.A.

* *Includes inflation at 4.5%*

[^] *The UAAL was projected to the contribution effective date (FY 2015) for calculation of the annual required contribution.*

August 29, 2014

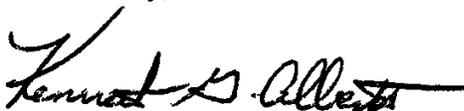
Pension Committee
Waterford Township Employees
Retirement System
5200 Civic Center Drive
Waterford, Michigan 48329

Attention: Ms. Bonnie Verbos

Dear Ms. Verbos:

Please find enclosed 15 copies of the report of the Annual Actuarial Valuation, as of December 31, 2013, of the Waterford Township Employees Retirement System.

Sincerely,



Kenneth G. Alberts

KGA:mr
Enclosures

cc: Plante & Moran
Attn: Keith Szymanski, CPA
Ms. Cynthia Billings, Esq.
Ms. Julie Moll